GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE
LOK SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO:6767
ANSWERED ON:09.05.2000
HIV/AIDS CASES
AVTAR SINGH BHADANA;MOHAN RAWALE;VSM (RETD.) COL. CHOUDHARY

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) the number of HIV/AIDS cases that come to the notice of the Government during the last three years, and till date, State-wise;

(b) whether HIV infected persons are increasing;

(c) if so, the reasons therefor;

(d) whether India has seen the latest report of the joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS and World Health Organisation;

(e) if so, the details thereof;

(f) whether the Government have examined this report;

(g) if so, the steps being taken by the Government to implement the suggestions made in the report;

(h) whether National Conference on the challenges from HIV & AIDS was inaugurated in November-December, 1999 by the AllIndia Institute of Medical Science;

(i) if so, the number of Doctors and experts attended the conference; and

(j) the agenda discussed therein and the outcome thereof?

Answer

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (INDEPENDENT CHARGE) (SH SHANMUGAM)

(a) The number of HIV/AIDS cases that come to the notice of the Government during the last three years, State-wise is annexed.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) The main reasons for the spread of HIV infection in the country are:-

1. Vast migration of the population from one part of the country to another and;

2. Low level of literacy, awareness and political commitment.

3. HIV infection is life long.

(d) & (e): Yes, Sir. The document has recommended the formation of a `Strategic Response` of the Government of India, the UN and its development partners to the HIV epidemic in India. It reviews what we know about the epidemic, its spread and pattern and the gaps in the knowledge.

(f) Yes, Sir.

(g) The Government of India has included the recommendation in the National AIDS Control Project Phase - II.

(h) Yes, Sir.

(i) About 150 Doctors and Experts attended the conference.

(j) The agenda discussed was in regard to the recent developments for the prevention and control of HIV/AIDS epidemic.

ANNEXURE

ANNEXURE REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO PART (A) OF L.S.U.S.Q.NO. 6767 FOR 09.05.2000

NATIONAL AIDS CONTROL PROGRAMME, INDIA AIDS CASES IN INDIA (REPORTED TO NACO)AT THE EN
1997,1998&1999

S.No	States/UT	AIDS CASES		
		1997	1998	1999
1.	Andhra Pradesh	39	46	48
2.	Assam	19	22	33
3.	Arunachal Pradesh	0	0	0
4.	A & N Islands	0	0	0
5.	Bihar	3	3	3
6.	Chandigar(U.T.)	-	-	124
7	Punjab	100	100	100
8.	Delhi	206	219	219
9.	Daman & Diu (U.T.)	1	1	1
10.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	0	0
11.	Goa	12	12	19
12.	Gujarat	134	136	137
13.	Haryana	1	1	1
14.	Himachal Pradesh	9	9	25
15.	Jammu & Kashmir	2	2	2
16.	Karnataka	118	157	204
17.	Kerala	105	106	106
18.	Lakshadeep (U.T.)	0	0	0
19.	Madhya Pradesh	134	210	326
20.	Maharashtra	2491	3315	3379
21.	Orissa	2	2	2
22.	Nagaland	10	10	29
23.	Manipur	301	301	362
24.	Mizoram	5	5	12
25.	Meghalaya	8	8	8
26.	Pondicherry	132	141	141
27.	Rajasthan	54	79	106
28.	Sikkim	1	2	2
29.	Tamil Nadu	1092	1624	4354
30.	Tripura	0	0	0
31.	Uttar Pradesh	109	125	166
32.	West Bengal	57	57	57
Total		5145	6693	9966